work in the Supreme Court and the High Courts.

2. The matters for which Tribunals (excluding services Tribunals) as envisaged in Part XIV-A of the Constitution need to be established expeditiously and various aspects related to their establishment and working.

3. The procedural laws with a view generally to disposing of cases expeditiously, eliminating unnecessary litigation and delays in hearing of cases and reforms in procedures and procedural laws an partcularly to devising procedures appropriate the terms envisaged in items l(i) and l(ii).

4. The method of appointments to subordinate courts/subordinate judiciary.

5. The training of judicial officers.

6. The role of the legal profession in strengthening the system of administration of justice.

7. The desirability of fonmulation of the norms which the Government and the public sector undertakings should follow in the settlement 0/ disputes including a review of the present system for conduct of litigation on behalf of the Government and such undertakings.

8. The cost of litigation with a view to lessening the burden on the litigants.

9. Formation of an All India Judicial Service; and

10. Such other matters as the Commission considers proper or necessary for the purposes aforesaid or as may be referred to it from time to time by the Government.

Growth centres for regional development

520. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Central Government have formulated a project to cover all districts of the country by growth centres for the balanced regional industrial development during the current year;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) what are the salient features of the growth centres;

(d) what will be the expenditure on these centres in each State annually; and

(e) by when the work will start?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (e) The Central Government have announced a Scheme for development of infrastructural facilities in one or two identified growth centres in 'No-Industry Districts' only. Under this scheme, Central Assistance would be given to the State Governments to the extent of 1/3rd of infrastructural development cost subject to a ceiling of Rs. 2 crores per 'No-Industry District'.

There are 93 'No-Industry Districts'. Their names are given in Appendix I of the Booklet "Incentives for Industries in Backward Areas-April. 1984" read with Press Note No. 14/2/83-DBA-I dated 9-4-1985, copies of which are available in the Parliament Library.

Maruti Cars

521. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether the production of Maruti cars and other brands of cars manufactured in the country is adequate to meet the requirements of the country;

(b) whether there are any prospects of exports of cars to other countries;